

Voici la correction !

La forme passive.

Exercice N°1 - Ecrire les phrases au passif en utilisant le present perfect (has/have been + part. Passé) :

1. the email / send → **The email has been sent.**
2. the bottles / count → **The bottles have been counted.**
3. the window / close → **The window has been closed.**
4. the cakes / make → **The cakes have been made.**
5. the letter / write → **The letter has been written.**
6. the flowers / plant → **The flowers have been planted.**
7. the cash / spend → **The cash has been spent.**
8. the restaurant / book / not → **The restaurant has not been booked.**
9. the bill / pay / not → **The bill has not been paid.**
10. the tourists / inform / not → **The tourists have not been informed.**

Exercice N°2 - Mettre le verbe entre parenthèses à la voix passive en utilisant le temps qui convient :

1. I don't have to go to the bakery because the bread (deliver) **is delivered** to our house every day.
2. When Tina went to school, she (pick) **was picked** up by her parents every day.
3. You need not clean the shower. It (clean/already) **has already been cleaned** by your dad.
4. From now on everything (do) **will be done** as planned.
5. When Tom came home, dinner (cooked/not) **had not been cooked** yet.

Exercice N°3 - Mettre ces phrases actives à la forme passive en utilisant le temps qui convient :

1. The cat caught the mouse. → **The mouse was caught by the cat.**
2. Sandra is using a computer → **A computer is being used by Sandra.**
3. Columbus discovered America in 1492. → **America was discovered by Columbus in 1492.**
4. A car hit me. → **I was hit by a car.**
5. My neighbours will take care of my dog. → **My dog will be taken care of by my neighbours.**

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Exercice N°4 - Faites des phrases au passif impersonnel :

Exemple: His friends say that he is very shy => It is said by his friend that he is very shy

1. They think that he earns a lot of money.
→ **He is thought to earn a lot of money.**
2. Tourists say that this country has incredible sceneries.
→ **This country is said to have incredible sceneries.**
3. Everybody knows that this music is Phil Collins's best song.
→ **This music is known to be Phil Collins's best song.**
4. The police assume that the arrested man has killed a hiker.
→ **The arrested man is assumed to have killed a hiker.**
5. Experts suppose that this painting belonged to Napoleon.
→ **This painting is supposed to have belonged to Napoleon.**

Exercice N°5 - Faites des phrases à la forme passive en utilisant le prétérit (was / were) :

1. the test / write → **The test was written.**
2. the table / set → **The table was set.**
3. the dog / feed → **The dog was fed.**
4. the computers / switch on → **The computers were switched on.**
5. the building / build → **The building was built.**
6. lunch / serve → **Lunch was served.**
7. this car / sell / not → **This car was not sold.**
8. the bike / stop / not → **The bike was not stopped.**
9. the rooms / clean / not → **The rooms were not cleaned.**
10. the kids / pick up / not → **The kids were not picked up.**